

Our Ref.: MD-774 (525629)

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

BRUSH HOLDER FOR DYNAMO-ELECTRIC MACHINE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a structure of a brush holder used in a dynamo-electric machine.

DISCUSSION OF BACKGROUND

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10 Figures 12a and 12b illustrate a conventional brush holder for a dynamo-electric machine. Figure 12a is a plan view of the brush holder, wherein components of the brush holder are assembled. Figure 12b is a plan view, whereby a part of the components is disassembled.

In Figures 12a and 12b, numerical reference 21
15 designates a brush holder base; numerical reference 22 designates a brush; numerical reference 23 designates a metallic brush holder; numerical reference 24 designates a plate; numerical reference 25 designates a pigtail; numerical reference 26 designates a terminal plate; and
20 numerical reference 27, designates a spring.

Figure 13 is a perspective view of the metallic brush holder 23 and the plate 24 illustrating a state of assembling these. Figure 14 is a side cross-sectional view of the metallic brush holder 23 and the plate 24.

25 The terminal plate 26 is formed by insert-molding, wherein after locating the plate 24 in the brush holder base 21, the metallic brush holder 23 is fixed by

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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5 demonstrated by the brush holder device are remarkable.

10 within 90° from an introducing portion of the pigtail in
the brush toward an outside of the brush holder.

15 pigtail are connected in an area around a sliding axis of
the brush within the width of the brush.

20 introduced from the brush in a direction toward a motor
shaft.

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25  the terminal plate to connect with the pigtail.
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invention, there is provided the brush holder for the

dynamo-electric machine, wherein the pigtail is introduced from a backside of the brush.

According to a sixth aspect of the present invention, there is provided the brush holder for the
5 dynamo-electric machine, wherein the dynamo-electric machine is rotatable in both directions.

According to a seventh aspect of the present invention, there is provided the brush holder for the dynamo-electric machine, wherein the dynamo-electric
10 machine is a motor for an electric power steering.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A more complete appreciation of the invention and many of the attendant advantages thereof will be readily obtained as the same becomes better understood by
15 reference to the following detailed description when considered in connection with the accompanied drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a plan view illustrating a brush holder for a dynamo-electric machine according to Embodiment 1
20 of the present invention in a disassembled state;

Figure 2 is a side view of the brush holder of the dynamo-electric machine according to Embodiment 1 in a disassembled state;

Figure 3 is a plan view of the brush holder of the
25 dynamo-electric machine according to Embodiment 1 in a completely assembled state;

Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of the brush

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holder in Figure 3 taken along a line A-A;

Figure 5 is a plan view illustrating a brush holder according to Embodiment 2;

Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view of the brush
5 holder illustrated in Figure 5 taken along a line C-C;

Figure 7 is a plan view illustrating plates;

Figure 8 is a perspective view illustrating a state that a metallic brush holder is assembled with a plate;

Figure 9 is a plan view illustrating a brush holder
10 according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention;

Figure 10 is a side view illustrating a brush of a brush holder according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention;

Figure 11 is a cross-sectional view of the brush
15 holder illustrated in Figure 9 taken along a line D-D;

Figure 12a is a plan view illustrating a conventional brush holder of a dynamo-electric machine;

Figure 12b is a plan view illustrating the conventional brush holder of the dynamo-electric machine;

20 Figure 13 is a perspective view illustrating a state that a conventional metallic brush holder is assembled with a conventional plate; and

Figure 14 is a side cross-sectional view illustrating the state that the conventional metallic
25 brush holder is assembled with the conventional plate.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

A detailed explanation will be given of preferred

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embodiments of the present invention in reference to Figure 1 through 11 as follows, wherein the same numerical references are used for the same or similar portions and descriptions of these portions is omitted.

5 EMBODIMENT 1

Figure 1 is a plan view of the brush holder of the dynamo-electric machine according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention in the disassembled state provided to show various components of the brush holder. Figure 2 is
10 the side view of the brush holder in the disassembled state. Figure 3 is a plan view illustrating the brush holder which is completed by assembling various components. Figure 4 is the cross-sectional view taken along the line A-A of the brush holder illustrated in
15 Figure 3.

In the figures, numerical reference 1 designates a first terminal plate; numerical reference 2 designates a brush holder base; numerical reference 3 designates a second terminal plate; numerical reference 4 designates a
20 spring; numerical reference 5 designates a step for temporal tacking, located in the brush holder base 2; numerical reference 6 designates a brush; and numerical reference 7 designates a brush holder cover.

As illustrated in the figures, a terminal plate 1,
25 i.e. the first terminal plate, is set in a lower portion of the brush holder base 2, made of a thermo-set resin such as phenol as shown in Figure 2, and fixed by

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respectively caulking at seven positions, namely protrusions 1a through 1g of the terminal plate 1 and holes 2a through 2g of the brush holder base 2.

In the next, a terminal plate 3, i.e. the second
5 terminal plate, which is different from the terminal plate 1, is inserted from an upper side of the brush holder base 2. In the next, the spring 4 is set in the step for temporary tacking 5 from the upper side. In the next, the pigtail 6a of the brush 6 is welded to columns
10 1a and 3a of the terminal plate 1 and the terminal plate 3. Thus welded pigtail 6a is set from an upper side of the brush holder as illustrated in Figure 4. Thereafter, the terminal plate 1 is connected to the terminal plate 3 by welding at a portion B, and finally the brush holder
15 cover 7, made of the thermo-set resin such as phenol, is set.

As illustrated in Figure 3, the terminal plate 13 is connected to the pigtail 6a in an area within 90° from an introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush 6,
20 wherein the pigtail 6a is introduced in a direction of a motor shaft. Accordingly, it is possible to reduce a bad influence against a sliding motion of the brush 6 caused by flexibility of the pigtail 6a and vibration of the brush 6 in radial directions, whereby operating noises
25 and ripples of torque in the dynamo-electric machine can be reduced. Further, because all pigtails extend in radial directions, in a dynamo-electric machine rotatable

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in both directions, differences of numbers of revolutions, of torques, of ripples of the torques, and of operating noises between the directions can be reduced.

5 Further, although an example that four brushes are used as illustrated above, the present invention is not limited to the brush holder having four brushes.

Further, the pigtail 6a is connected to the columns 1a, 3a of the terminal plates in an area around a sliding
10 axis of the brush 6 within the width 6b of the brush and in a backside of the introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush 6.

According to the present invention, it is possible to reduce ripples of torque and operating noises by
15 connecting the pigtail 6a in the area within 90° on a backside from the introducing portion of the pigtail from the brush 6.

Further, by introducing the pigtail 6a from the brush 6 in the direction toward the motor shaft and
20 connecting a tip of the pigtail 6a to the terminals 1, 3 in the area within 90° in the backside from the introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush 6, it is possible to reduce ripples of torque and operating noises in the dynamo-electric machine.

25 Further, in the dynamo-electric machine rotatable in both directions, by connecting the pigtail 6a to the terminals 1, 3 in the area within 90° on the backside

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from the introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush
6, it is possible to reduce ripples of torque and
operating noises. Further, it is possible to reduce
differences of numbers of revolutions, of torques, of
5 ripples of torques, and of operating noises with respect
to the directions because the pigtails 6a of all brushes
6 have the same or substantially the same shapes.

Further, the brush holder according to the present
invention is extremely effective as a brush holder for a
10 dynamo-electric machine for an electric power steering,
rotatable in both directions.

EMBODIMENT 2

Figure 5 is a plan view illustrating the brush
holder according to Embodiment 2 of the present
15 invention. Figure 6 is the cross-sectional view taken
along the line C-C of the brush holder illustrated in
Figure 5. Embodiment 2 is an improvement of a part of
the conventional brush holder illustrated in Figures 12
through 14.

20 In the Figures, numerical reference 8 designates a
brush holder base; numerical reference 9 designates a
brush; numerical reference 10 designates a metallic brush
holder; numerical reference 11 designates a plate;
numerical reference 12 designates a pigtail; numerical
25 reference 13 designates a terminal plate; and numerical
reference 14 designates a spring.

Figure 7 is a plan view illustrating the plate 11.

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Figure 8 is a perspective view illustrating a state that the metallic brush holder 10 and the plate 11 are disassembled to show how these are assembled.

As illustrated in Figure 12, in the conventional
5 brush holder, the pigtail 25 is directly welded to the terminal plate 26. However, in Embodiment 2, a column 11a of the plate 11 is elongated in comparison with the conventional brush holder, the column 11a is welded to the pigtail 12, a protrusion 11b is formed in a part of
10 the plate 11, and the pigtail 12 is connected to the terminal plate 13 by welding the protrusion 11b to the terminal plate 13.

Accordingly, in a manner similar to that in Embodiment 1, the pigtail 12 is welded in an area within
15 90° on a backside from an introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush 9, whereby it is possible to introduce the pigtail 12 in a direction toward a motor shaft.

Although an example that four brushes are used is
20 described above, the brush holder according to the present invention is not limited to that having four brushes.

EMBODIMENT 3

Figure 9 is the plan view illustrating the brush
25 holder according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention. Figure 10 is a side view illustrating the brush. Figure 11 is the cross-sectional view of the

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brush holder illustrated in Figure 9 taken along the line D-D. According to Embodiment 3, a structure is substantially the same as that in Embodiment 1. However it is different from that of Embodiment 1 at a point that
5 the pigtail 6a is introduced from a backside of the brush 6 as illustrated in Figure 10.

As illustrated in the figures, the pigtail 6a is introduced in a direction of a sliding axis from the brush 6, and is welded to the terminals 1 and 3 in an
10 area within 90° in the backside from an introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush 6. Although in the above structure, an example that four brushes are used is shown, the brush holder according to Embodiment 3 is not limited to that having four brushes.

15 As described, according to Embodiment 3, the pigtail 6a is introduced in the sliding axis of the brush from the brush 6, and the pigtail 6a is connected to the terminals 1 and 3 in the area within 90° on the backside from the introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush
20 6, whereby it is possible to reduce ripples of torque and an operating noise of a dynamo-electric machine.

In Embodiments 1 through 3, the examples that the pigtail is connected to the terminal by welding, the connection is not limited to welding and may be
25 connections such as caulking or screwing.

Further, the example that the connection is located in the area within 90° on the backside from the

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introducing portion of the pigtail in the brush is shown, if the connection is located in an area within a smaller angle than 90° , namely a position in the vicinity of a back of the introducing portion of the pigtail in the
5 brush, the ripples of torque and the operating noise can be reduced, and the differences of numbers of revolutions, of the torques, of the ripples of torques, and of the operating noises can be effectively reduced.

Further although the example that the metallic plate
10 is used as the terminal, the terminal is not limited to the metallic plate and may be a lead wire or the like.

The first advantage of the brush holder of the dynamo-electric machine according to the present invention is that the ripples of torque and the operating
15 noise can be reduced.

The second advantage of the brush holder of the dynamo-electric machine according to the present invention is that the pigtail is easily connected to the terminal plate.

20 The third advantage of the brush holder of the dynamo-electric machine according to the present invention is that the differences of numbers revolutions, of the torques, of the ripples of the torques, and of the operating noises with respect to the both directions can
25 be reduced.

Obviously, numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above

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teachings. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein.

- 5 The entire disclosure of Japanese Patent Application No. 2000-258695 filed on August 29, 2000 including specification, claims, drawings and summary are incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

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